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Computer Vision System Toolbox™ Release Notes

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R2014b

Version: 6.1

New Features

Bug Fixes

Stereo camera calibration app

This release adds a stereo calibration app. You can use the app to calibrate a stereo camera. Use the stereoCameraCalibrator function to invoke the app. See the "Stereo Calibration Using the Stereo Camera Calibrator App" tutorial.

imageSet class for handling large collections of image files

This release adds the imageSet class for managing large collections of image files. Use the imageSet partition method to create subsets of image sets. You can use these subsets to provide training and validation images for classification.

Bag-of-visual-words suite of functions for image category classification

This release adds a suite of functions to support the bag-of-features workflow. The workflow allows you to manage your image collections and partition them into training and validation sets. It constructs a bag of visual words for use in image category classification. The training and classification includes support for Parallel Computing ToolboxTM.

- imageSet
- bagOfFeatures
- trainImageCategoryClassifier (requires Statistics ToolboxTM)
- imageCategoryClassifier (requires Statistics Toolbox)

Approximate nearest neighbor search method for fast feature matching

This release provides updates to the matchFeatures function. The update replaces previous matching methods with 'Exhaustive' and 'Approximate' Nearest Neighbor methods. It also adds the Unique match logical property to only return unique matches from the input feature set.

As a result of this update, the following methods and properties were removed:

- 'NearestNeighborRatio', 'NearestNeighborSymmetric', and 'Threshold' matching methods
- 'normxcorr' normalized cross-correlation metric and the 'Prenormalized' properties

Use the following new methods to match the behavior of the removed properties.

Previous Match Method	Set New Match Method
'NearestNeighborRatio'	Set the Method property to 'Exhaustive' and the Unique property to false.
'NearestNeighborSymmetric'	Set the Method property to 'Exhaustive', the Unique property to true, and the MaxRatio to 1.

3-D point cloud visualization function

This release adds the showPointCloud function for plotting point clouds.

3-D point cloud extraction from Kinect

This release adds the depthToPointCloud function to convert a Kinect $^{\mathbb{R}}$ depth image to a 3-D point cloud. This function requires the Image Acquisition Toolbox $^{\mathsf{TM}}$.

Kinect color image to depth image alignment

This release adds the alignColorToDepth function for registering a Kinect color image to a depth image. This function requires the Image Acquisition Toolbox.

Point locations from stereo images using triangulation

This release adds the triangulate function. You can use this function to find 3-D locations of matching points in stereo images.

Red-cyan anaglyph from stereo images

This release adds the **stereoAnaglyph** function. Use this function to combine stereo images to form an anaglyph, which can be viewed with red-blue stereo glasses.

Point coordinates correction for lens distortion

This release adds the undistortPoints function. Use this function to remove the effects of lens distortion from individual point locations.

Camera projection matrix

This release adds the cameraMatrix function. You can use the matrix returned by this function to project 3-D world points in homogeneous coordinates into an image.

Calculation of calibration standard errors

This release adds the ability to return the standard errors incurred during the camera calibration process. The estimateCameraParameters function returns the errors. You can use the errors to evaluate the quality of the camera calibration. You can return errors for both single and stereo camera calibration.

Live image capture in Camera Calibrator app

You can now do live camera calibration using the Camera Calibrator app. The new **Image Capture** tab allows you to bring live images from USB Webcams into the app. Previously, you had to save your images to disk and manually add them into the app.

The image capture functionality in the Camera Calibrator app allows you to:

- · Capture live images from USB Webcams
- · Browse the captured images
- Save acquired images
- Integrate between image acquisition and calibration
- · Control camera properties, such as brightness and contrast.

Use the cameraCalibrator function to open the app. Then select **Add Images > From camera** to open the **Image Capture** tab. Select your device, set any properties, and define the capture settings. You can then capture images and calibrate the camera.

Region of interest (ROI) copy and paste support for Training Image Labeler app

This release adds the ability to copy-and-paste regions of interest within the Training Image Labeler app.

Non-maximal suppression of bounding boxes for object detection

This release adds the bboxOverlapRatio and the selectStrongestBbox functions. Use bboxOverlapRatio to compute the overlap ratio between pairs of bounding boxes. Use selectStrongestBbox to select the strongest bounding boxes from overlapping clusters.

Linux support for deployable video player

This release adds Linux[®] support for the To Video Display block and the vision.DeployableVideoPlayer System objectTM. This added support includes the ability to generate code.

GPU support for Harris feature detection

This release adds GPU acceleration for the detectHarrisFeatures function. GPU acceleration for this function requires Parallel Computing Toolbox.

Extended language support package for optical character recognition (OCR)

This release adds the ability to download additional language support for the ocr function. You can use the visionSupportPackages function to download the language support package.

Support package for OpenCV Interface

This release adds a support package to help you integrate your OpenCV C++ code into MATLAB. It lets you build MEX files that calls OpenCV functions. You can use the visionSupportPackages function to download the OpenCV Interface support package.

Convert format of rectangle to a list of points

This release adds the **bbox2points** function. You can use this function to convert a rectangle, specified as [x, y, width, height], into a list of [x, y] points.

Bag-of-visual-words, stereo vision, image stitching, and tracking examples

This release adds several new examples.

- · Pedestrian tracking from a moving car
- · Image classification using bag-of-visual-words workflow
- · Face tracking from a web cam
- · Evaluate camera calibration results
- Image stitching
- · Depth estimation from a stereo video
- Code generation with PackNGo

R2014a

Version: 6.0

New Features

Bug Fixes

Compatibility Considerations

Stereo vision functions for rectification, disparity calculation, scene reconstruction, and stereo camera calibration

This release adds a suite of stereo vision algorithms to the Computer Vision System ToolboxTM.

- rectifyStereoImages for stereo rectification.
- · reconstructScene for computing dense 3-D reconstruction based on a disparity map.
- extrinsics for computing location of a calibrated camera.
- stereoParameters object for storing stereo system parameters.
- detectCheckerboardPoints extended to support stereo calibration
- disparity adds new method for semi-global block matching.
- estimateCameraParameters extended to calibrate stereo cameras.
- · cameraParameters object for storing camera parameters.
- showExtrinsics extended to support stereo cameras.
- showReprojectionErrors extended to support stereo cameras.

Compatibility Considerations

This release modifies the disparity function's default method for block matching. The new SemiGobal default method may produce different results in code created that used the previous BlockMatching default method. To obtain the same results, set the 'Method' property to 'BlockMatching'.

Optical character recognition (OCR)

This release adds the ocr function and ocrText object. You can use the ocr function to recognize text using optical character recognition. The ocrText object stores optical character recognition results.

Binary Robust Invariant Scalable Keypoints (BRISK) feature detection and extraction

This release adds the detectBRISKFeatures function. You can use the Binary Robust Invariant Scalable Keypoints (BRISK) algorithm to detect multi-scale corner features. This release also adds the BRISKPoints object to store the BRISK detection results. This release adds BRISK descriptor to the extractFeatures.

App for labeling images for training cascade object detectors

This release adds a Training Image Labeler app. The app can be used to select regions of interest in images for the purpose of training a classifier. You can invoke the app by using the trainingImageLabeler function. See the Label Images for Classification Model Training tutorial.

C code generation for Harris and minimum eigenvalue corner detectors using MATLAB Coder

This release adds C code generation support for the detectHarrisFeatures and detectMinEigenFeatures functions. This release also adds C code generation to the estimateGeometricTransform function.

Line width control for insertShape function and Draw Shapes block

This release adds line thickness control to the insertShape function and the Draw Shapes.

Replacing vision.CameraParameters with cameraParameters

This release replaces the vision. CameraParameters object with the cameraParameters object. The new object contains identical functionality.

Compatibility Considerations

You must replace the vision.CameraParameters with cameraParameters object in your code. If you attempt to create a vision.CameraParameters object, $MATLAB^{\circledast}$ returns an error.

Output view modes and fill value selection added to undistortImage function

This release adds new output view modes and fill value selection to the undistortImage function. You can control the output view size by setting the OutputView property. You can also set the fill value with the FillValues property.

Generated code optimized for the matchFeatures function and vision.ForegroundDetector System object

This release provides generated code optimization for the matchFeatures function and the vision.ForegroundDetector System object on a Windows[®], Linux, Mac OS platform.

Merging mplay viewer into implay viewer

This release merges the mplay viewer function from the Computer Vision System Toolbox into the implay function in Image Processing ToolboxTM.

Compatibility Considerations

Use the implay function with functionality identical to mplay. The mplay function will be removed in a future release.

MPEG-4 and JPEG2000 file formats added to vision. VideoFileWriter System object and To Multimedia File block

This release adds support for writing MPEG-4 and JPEG 2000 file formats with the vision.VideoFileWriter object and the To Multimedia File block.

Region of interest (ROI) support added to detectMSERFeatures and detectSURFFeatures functions

This release adds region of interest (ROI) support to the detectMSERFeatures and detectSURFFeatures functions.

MATLAB code script generation added to Camera Calibrator app

This release adds MATLAB code script generation to the Camera Calibrator app.

Featured examples for text detection, OCR, 3-D reconstruction, 3-D dense reconstruction, code generation, and image search

This release the Computer Vision System Toolbox adds several new featured examples:

- · Automatically Detect and Recognize Text in Natural Images
- Image Search using Point Features
- Recognize Text Using Optical Character Recognition (OCR)
- Code Generation for Feature Matching and Registration (updated)
- · Stereo Calibration and Scene Reconstruction
- Sparse 3-D Reconstruction From Multiple Views

R2013b

Version: 5.3

New Features

Bug Fixes

Compatibility Considerations

Camera intrinsic, extrinsic, and lens distortion parameter estimation using camera calibration app

This release adds a camera calibration app. The app can be used to estimate camera intrinsic and extrinsic parameters, and to compute parameters needed to remove the effects of lens distortion from an image. You can invoke the calibrator using the camera Calibrator function. See the Find Camera Parameters with the Camera Calibrator tutorial.

Camera calibration functions for checkerboard pattern detection, camera parameter estimation, correct lens distortion, and visualization of results

This release adds a suite of functions that, when used together, provide a workflow to calibrate a camera:

- detectCheckerboardPoints
- estimateCameraParameters
- · generateCheckerboardPoints
- showExtrinsics
- showReprojectionErrors
- undistortImage
- · vision.CameraParameters

Histogram of Oriented Gradients (HOG) feature extractor

This release adds the extractHOGFeatures descriptor function. The extracted features encode local shape information from regions within an image. You can use this function for many tasks including classification, detection, and tracking.

C code generation support for 12 additional functions

This release adds C code generation support for several Computer Vision System Toolbox functions, classes, and System objects.

- extractHOGFeatures
- extractFeatures

- detectSURFFeatures
- disparity
- · detectMSERFeatures
- detectFASTFeatures
- vision.CascadeObjectDetector
- · vision.PointTracker
- vision.PeopleDetector
- MSERRegions
- cornerPoints
- SURFPoints

System objects matlab.system.System warnings

The System object base class, matlab.system.System has been replaced by matlab.System. If you use matlab.system.System when defining a new System object, a warning message results.

Compatibility Considerations

Change all instances of matlab.system.System in your System objects code to matlab.System.

Restrictions on modifying properties in System object Impl methods

When defining a new System object, certain restrictions affect your ability to modify a property.

You cannot use any of the following methods to modify the properties of an object:

- · cloneImpl
- getDiscreteStateImpl
- getDiscreteStateSpecificationImpl
- getNumInputsImpl
- getNumOutputsImpl
- getOutputDataTypeImpl

- getOutputSizeImpl
- isInputDirectFeedthroughImpl
- isOutputComplexImpl
- isOutputFixedSizeImpl
- validateInputsImpl
- validatePropertiesImpl

This restriction is required by code generation, which assumes that these methods do not change any property values. These methods are validation and querying methods that are expected to be constant and should not impact the algorithm behavior.

Also, if either of the following conditions exist:

- · You plan to generate code for the object
- The object will be used in the MATLAB System block

you cannot modify tunable properties for any of the following runtime methods:

- outputImpl
- processTunedPropertiesImpl
- resetImpl
- setupImpl
- stepImpl
- updateImpl

This restriction prevents tunable parameter updates within the object from interfering with updates from outside the generated code. Tunable parameters can only be changed from outside the generated code.

Compatibility Considerations

If any of your class definition files contain code that changes a property in one of the above Impl methods, move that property code into an allowable Impl method. Refer to the System object Impl method reference pages for more information.

R2013a

Version: 5.2

New Features

Bug Fixes

Compatibility Considerations

Cascade object detector training using Haar, Histogram of Oriented Gradients (HOG), and Local Binary Pattern (LBP) features

This release adds the trainCascadeObjectDetector function for Haar, Histogram of Oriented Gradients (HOG), and Local Binary Pattern (LBP) features. The function creates a custom classification model to use with the vision.CascadeObjectDetector cascade object detector.

Fast Retina Keypoint (FREAK) algorithm for feature extraction

This release adds the Fast Retina Keypoint (FREAK) descriptor algorithm to the extractFeatures function. This function now supports the FREAK method for descriptor extraction.

Hamming distance method for matching features

This release adds the Hamming distance method to the matchFeatures function in support of binary features produced by descriptors such as the FREAK method for extraction. It also adds the new binaryFeatures object, which is an output of the extractFeatures function and serves as an input to the matchFeatures function.

Multicore support in matchFeatures function and ForegroundDetector System object

This release brings multicore performance improvements for the matchFeatures function and the vision.ForegroundDetector detector.

Functions for corner detection, geometric transformation estimation, and text and graphics overlay, augmenting similar System objects

This release adds several new functions. For corner detection, the new detectHarrisFeatures, detectMinEigenFeatures, and detectFASTFeatures functions. The insertText, insertMarker, and insertShape functions for inserting text, markers, and shapes into images and video. Lastly, the estimateGeometricTransform function for estimating a geometric transform from putatively matched point pairs.

Error-out condition for old coordinate system

This release ends support for the row-column coordinate system for the Computer Vision System Toolbox algorithms. All blocks are replaced with blocks using [x y] coordinates, and all functions and System objects are updated to use the one-based [x y] convention. Using any MATLAB or Simulink® related algorithms will error out when using RC-based functions or blocks.

Compatibility Considerations

Conventions for indexing, spatial coordinates, and representation of geometric transforms were changed in R2011b to provide improved interoperability with the Image Processing Toolbox product. Beginning in this release, all Computer Vision System Toolbox blocks, functions, classes, and System objects will only operate in the [x y] coordinate system. Blocks affected by the [x y] coordinate system should be replaced with blocks of the same name from the Vision library. Adjust your models, code, and data as necessary.

For extended details on the coordinate system change, see "Conventions Changed for Indexing, Spatial Coordinates, and Representation of Geometric Transforms" on page 7-2 R2011b Release Notes.

Support for nonpersistent System objects

You can now generate code for local variables that contain references to System objects. In previous releases, you could not generate code for these objects unless they were assigned to persistent variables.

New method for action when System object input size changes

The new processInputSizeChangeImpl method allows you to specify actions to take when an input to a System object you defined changes size. If an input changes size after the first call to step, the actions defined in processInputSizeChangeImpl occur when step is next called on that object.

Scaled double data type support for System objects

System objects now support scaled double data types.

Scope Snapshot display of additional scopes in Simulink Report Generator

Using Simulink Report GeneratorTM software, you can include snapshots of the display produced by a Scope block in a generated report. The Scope Snapshot component, which inserts images of the Simulink Scope block and XY Graph block, now supports the Video Viewer block in Computer Vision System Toolbox software.

Note: This feature requires that you have a license for the Simulink Report Generator product.

For more information, see the Simulink Report Generator product documentation.

R2012b

Version: 5.1

New Features

Bug Fixes

Compatibility Considerations

Kalman filter and Hungarian algorithm for multiple object tracking

The vision.KalmanFilter object is designed for object tracking. You can use it to predict an object's future location, to reduce noise in the detected location, or to help associate multiple objects with their corresponding tracks. The configureKalmanFilter function helps you to set up the Kalman filter object.

The assignDetectionsToTracks function assigns detections to tracks in the context of multiple object tracking using the James Munkres' variant of the Hungarian assignment algorithm. The function also determines which tracks are missing, and which detections should begin a new track.

Image and video annotation for detected or tracked objects

The insertObjectAnnotation function inserts labels and corresponding circles or rectangles into an image or video to easily display tracked objects. You can use it with either a grayscale or true color image input.

Kanade-Lucas-Tomasi (KLT) point tracker

The vision.PointTracker object tracks a set of points using the Kanade-Lucas-Tomasi (KLT), feature tracking algorithm. You can use the point tracker for video stabilization, camera motion estimation, and object tracking.

HOG-based people detector

The vision.PeopleDetector object detects people in an input image using the Histogram of Oriented Gradient (HOG) features and a trained Support Vector Machine (SVM) classifier. The object detects unoccluded people in an upright position.

Video file reader support for H.264 codec (MPEG-4) on Windows 7

This release adds H.264 codec (MPEG-4) video formats for Windows 7 operating systems.

Show matched features display

The showMatchedFeatures function displays corresponding feature points. It displays a falsecolor overlay of two images with a color-coded plot of the corresponding points connected by a line.

Matching methods added for match features function

This release enhances the matchFeatures function for applications in computing the fundamental matrix, stereo vision, registration, and object detection. It provides three different matching methods: simple threshold match, unique matches, and unambiguous matches.

Compatibility Considerations

The new implementation of matchFeatures uses different default value for the method parameter. If you need the same results as those produced by the previous implementation, set the Method parameter with syntax: matchFeatures(FEATURES1, FEATURES2, 'Method', 'NearestNeighbor old', ...).

Kalman filter for tracking tutorial

The Kalman filter is a popular tool for object tracking. The Using Kalman Filter for Object Tracking example helps you to understand how to setup and use the vision.KalmanFilter object and the configureKalmanFilter function to track objects.

Motion-based multiple object tracking example

The Motion-Based Multiple Object Tracking example shows you how to perform automatic detection and motion-based tracking of moving objects in a video from a stationary camera.

Face detection and tracking examples

The Face Detection and Tracking example shows you how to automatically detect and a track a face. The Face Detection and Tracking Using the KLT Algorithm example uses the Kanade-Lucas-Tomasi (KLT) algorithm and shows you how to automatically detect a face and track it using a set of feature points.

Stereo image rectification example

This release enhances the Stereo Image Rectification example. It uses SURF feature detection with the estimateFundamentalMatrix, estimateUncalibratedRectification, and

detectSURFFeatures functions to compute the rectification of two uncalibrated images, where the camera intrinsics are unknown.

System object tunable parameter support in code generation

You can change tunable properties in user-defined System objects at any time, regardless of whether the object is locked. For System objects predefined in the software, the object must be locked. In previous releases, you could tune System object properties only for a limited number of predefined System objects in generated code.

save and load for System objects

You can use the save method to save System objects to a MAT file. If the object is locked, its state information is saved, also. You can recall and use those saved objects with the load method.

You can also create your own save and load methods for a System object you create. To do so, use the saveObjectImpl and loadObjectImpl, respectively, in your class definition file.

Save and restore SimState not supported for System objects

The Save and Restore Simulation State as SimState option is no longer supported for any System object in a MATLAB Function block. This option was removed because it prevented parameter tunability for System objects, which is important in code generation.

Compatibility Considerations

If you need to save and restore simulation states, you may be able to use a corresponding Simulink block, instead of a System object.

R2012a

Version: 5.0

New Features

Bug Fixes

Compatibility Considerations

Dependency on DSP System Toolbox and Signal Processing Toolbox Software Removed

The DSP System Toolbox[™] and Signal Processing Toolbox[™] software are no longer required products for using Computer Vision System Toolbox software. As a result, a few blocks have been modified or removed.

Audio Output Sampling Mode Added to the From Multimedia File Block

The From Multimedia File block now includes a new parameter, which allows you to select frame- or sample-based audio output. If you do not have a DSP System Toolbox license and you set this parameter for frame-based processing, your model will return an error. The Computer Vision System Toolbox software uses only sample-based processing.

Kalman Filter and Variable Selector Blocks Removed from Library

This release removes the Kalman Filter and Variable Selector Blocks from the Computer Vision System Toolbox block library.

Compatibility Considerations

To use these blocks or to run a model containing these blocks, you must have a DSP System Toolbox license.

2-D Median and 2-D Histogram Blocks Replace Former Median and Histogram Blocks

The Median and Histogram blocks have been removed. You can replace these blocks with the 2-D Median and the 2-D Histogram blocks.

Compatibility Considerations

Replace these blocks in your models with the new 2-D blocks from the Computer Vision System Toolbox library.

Removed Sample-based Processing Checkbox from 2-D Maximum, 2-D Minimum, 2-D Variance, and 2-D Standard Deviation Blocks

This release removes the **Treat sample-based row input as a column** checkbox from the 2-D Maximum, 2-D Minimum, 2-D Variance, and 2-D Standard Deviation statistics blocks.

Compatibility Considerations

Modify your code accordingly.

New Viola-Jones Cascade Object Detector

The vision. Cascade Object Detector System object uses the Viola-Jones algorithm to detect objects in an image. This detector includes Haar-like features and a cascade of classifiers. The cascade object detector is pretrained to detect faces, noses and other objects.

New MSER Feature Detector

The detectMSERFeatures function detects maximally stable extremal regions (MSER) features in a grayscale image. You can use the MSERRegions object, returned by the function, to manipulate and plot MSER features.

New CAMShift Histogram-Based Tracker

The vision.HistogramBasedTracker System object uses the continuously adaptive mean shift (CAMShift) algorithm for tracking objects. It uses the histogram of pixel values to identify the object.

New Integral Image Computation and Box Filtering

The integralKernel object with the integralImage and integralFilter functions use integral images for filtering an image with box filters. The speed of the filtering operation is independent of the filter size, making it ideally suited for fast analysis of images at different scales.

New Demo to Detect and Track a Face

This release provides a new demo, Face Detection and Tracking. This example shows you how to develop a simple face tracking system by detecting a face, identifying its facial features, and tracking it.

Improved MATLAB Compiler Support

MATLAB Compiler™ now supports detectSURFFeatures and disparity functions.

Code Generation Support

The vision.HistogramBasedTracker and vision.CornerDetector System objects now support code generation. See About MATLAB Coder for more information about code generation.

Conversion of Error and Warning Message Identifiers

This release changes error and warning message identifiers.

Compatibility Considerations

If you have scripts or functions using message identifiers that have changed, you must update the code to use the new identifiers. Typically, you use message identifiers to turn off specific warning messages. You can also use them in code that uses a try/catch statement and performs an action based on a specific error identifier.

For example, the <'XXXXX:old:ID'> identifier has changed to <'new:similar:ID'>. If your code checks for <'XXXXX:old:ID'>, you must update it to check for <'new:similar:ID'> instead.

To determine the identifier for a warning, run the following command just after you see the warning:

```
[MSG,MSGID] = lastwarn;
This command saves the message identifier to the variable MSGID.
```

To determine the identifier for an error that appears at the MATLAB prompt, run the following command just after you see the error.

```
exception = MException.last;
MSGID = exception.identifier;
```

Note: Warning messages indicate a potential issue with your code. While you can turn off a warning, a suggested alternative is to change your code without producing a warning.

System Object Updates

Code Generation for System Objects

System objects defined by users now support C code generation. To generate code, you must have the MATLAB $Coder^{TM}$ product.

New System Object Option on File Menu

The File menu on the MATLAB desktop now includes a **New > System object** menu item. This option opens a System object class template, which you can use to define a System object class.

Variable-Size Input Support for System Objects

System objects that you define now support inputs that change size at runtime.

Data Type Support for User-Defined System Objects

System objects that you define now support all MATLAB data types as inputs and outputs.

New Property Attribute to Define States

R2012a adds the new DiscreteState attribute for properties in your System object class definition file. Discrete states are values calculated during one step of an object's algorithm that are needed during future steps.

New Methods to Validate Properties and Get States from System Objects

The following methods have been added:

- validateProperties Checks that the System object is in a valid configuration.

 This applies only to objects that have a defined validatePropertiesImpl method
- getDiscreteState Returns a struct containing a System object's properties that have the DiscreteState attribute

matlab.system.System changed to matlab.System

The base System object class name has changed from matlab.system.System to matlab.System.

Compatibility Considerations

The previous matlab.system.System class will remain valid for existing System objects. When you define new System objects, your class file should inherit from the matlab.System class.

R2011b

Version: 4.1

New Features

Bug Fixes

Compatibility Considerations

Conventions Changed for Indexing, Spatial Coordinates, and Representation of Geometric Transforms

Conventions for indexing, spatial coordinates, and representation of geometric transforms have been changed to provide improved interoperability with the Image Processing Toolbox product.

Running your Code with New Conventions

How to run code	Solution
Written with R2011b or later (New User)	You can safely ignore the warning, and turn it off. Your code will use the one-based [x y] coordinate system. To turn the warning off, place the following command in your startup.m file: warning('off','vision:transition:usesOldCoordinates')
Written prior to R2011b	To run your pre-R2011b code using the zero-based [row column] conventions, invoke vision.setCoordinateSystem('RC') command prior to running your code.
	Support for the pre-R2011b coordinate system will be removed in a future release. You should update your code to use R2011b coordinate system conventions.
	To turn the warning off, place the following command in your startup.m file: warning('off','vision:transition:usesOldCoordinates')

One-Based Indexing

The change from zero-based to one-based indexing simplifies the ability to blend Image Processing Toolbox functionality with Computer Vision System Toolbox algorithms and visualization functions.

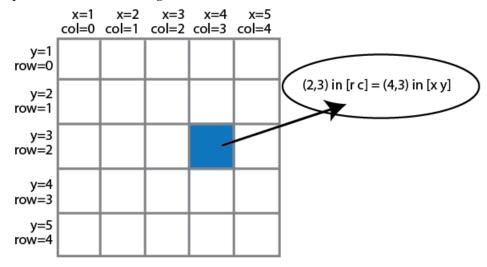
Coordinate System Convention

Image locations in the Computer Vision System Toolbox are now expressed in [x y] coordinates, not in [row column]. The orientation of matrices containing image locations has changed. In previous releases, the orientation was a 2-by-N matrix of zero-based [row column] point coordinates. Effective in R2011b, the orientation is an M-by-2 matrix

of one-based [x y] point coordinates. Rectangular ROI representation changed from [r c height width] to [x y width height].

Example: Convert a point represented in the [r c] coordinate system to a point in the [x y] coordinate system

Convert your data to be consistent with MATLAB and the Image Processing Toolbox coordinate systems by switching the order indexing and adding 1 to each dimension. The row index dimension corresponds to the y index, and the column index corresponds to the x index. The following figure shows the equivalent row-column and x-y coordinates for a pixel location in an image.



The following MATLAB code converts point coordinates from an [r c] coordinate system to the [x y] coordinate system:

```
ptsRC = [2 0; 3 5] % Two RC points at [2 3] and [0 5]
ptsXY = fliplr(ptsRC'+1) % RC points converted to XY
```

Example: Convert a bounding box represented in the [r c] coordinate system to the [x y] coordinate system

```
% Two bounding boxes represented as [r c height width]
% First box is [2 3 10 5] and the second box is[0 5 15 10]
bboxRC = [2 0; 3 5; 10 15; 5 10]
% Convert the boxes to XY coordinate system format [x y width heigth]
bboxXY = [fliplr(bboxRC(1:2,:)'+1) fliplr(bboxRC(3:4,:)')]
```

Example: Convert an affine geometric transformation matrix represented in the [r c] coordinate system to the [x y] coordinate system

```
% Transformation matrix [h1 h2 h3; h4 h5 h6] represented in RC coordinates tformRC = [5 2 3; 7 8 13]
```

```
% Transformation matrix [h5 h2; h4 h1; h6 h3] represented in XY coordinates
temp = rot90(tformRC,3);
tformXY = [flipud(temp(1:2,:)); temp(3,:)]
```

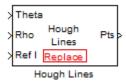
Note: You cannot use this code to remap a projective transformation matrix. You must derive the tformXY matrix from your data.

See Expressing Image Locations for an explanation of pixel and spatial coordinate systems.

Migration to [x y] Coordinate System

By default, all Computer Vision System Toolbox blocks, functions, and System objects are set to operate in the $[x\ y]$ coordinate system. Use the vision.setCoordinateSystem and vision.getCoordinateSystem functions to help you migrate your code, by enabling you to revert to the previous coordinate system until you can update your code. Use vision.setCoordinateSystem('RC') call to set the coordinate system back to the zero-based $[r\ c]$ conventions .

For Simulink users, blocks affected by the [x y] coordinate system should be replaced with blocks of the same name from the Vision library. Old blocks are marked with a red "Replace" badge. The following figure shows the Hough Lines block, as it would appear with the Replace badge, indicating that it should be replaced with the Hough Lines block from the R2011b version.



Support for the pre-R2011b coordinate system will be removed in a future release.

Updated Blocks, Functions, and System Objects

The following table provides specifics for the functions, System objects, and blocks that were affected by this update:

Functions	Description of Update	Prior to R2011b	R2011b
epipolarLine	The output <i>A,B,C</i> line parameters were changed to work with [x y] one-based coordinates.	A*row + B*col + C	$A^*x + B^*y + C$
	Accepts Fundamental matrix in [x y] format.		
estimateFundamentalM	fundamental matrix.	[r;c] 2-by-N zero-based points.	[x y] <i>M</i> -by-2 one-based points.
	Modified to work with points expressed in [x y] one-based coordinates.	Fundamental matrix formatted points for [r;c] zero-based coordinates.	Fundamental matrix formatted to work with [x y] one-based coordinates.
estimateUncalibratedRe Fundamental matrix, matched points, and output projective transformation		Fundamental matrix formatted only for zero-based [r;c] coordinate system	Fundamental matrix formatted for one-based [x y] coordinate system.
	matrices provided in new format.	[r;c] 2-by-N zero-based points.	[x y] <i>M</i> -by-2 one-based points.
extractFeatures	Converted to accept [x y] coordinates	[r;c] 2-by-N zero-based points.	[x y] <i>M</i> -by-2 one-based points.
isEpipoleInImage	Adjusted Fundamental matrix format. Converted to [x y] coordinates.	Fundamental matrix formatted only for zero-based [r;c] coordinate system.	Fundamental matrix formatted only for one- based, [x y] coordinate system.
lineToBorderPoints	The input <i>A,B,C</i> line parameters were changed to work with [x y] coordinates.	A*row + B*col + C, where A,B, and C are represented in a 3- by-N matrix of [r;c] zero-based points.	A*x + B*y + C, where A,B, and C are represented in an <i>M</i> - by-3 matrix of [x y] one- based points.

Functions	Description of Update	Prior to R2011b	R2011b
	Output intersection points converted to [x y] one-based coordinate system.	the intersection points in an 4-by- M matrix.	The function returns the intersection points in an <i>M</i> -by-4 matrix of format of [x1, y1, x2, y2] one-based coordinate system.
matchFeatures	Converted the Index Pairs matrix to match orientation of the POINTS with [x y] one- based coordinates.	The function returns the output Index Pairs in a 2-by- <i>M</i> [r c] zero- based format.	The function returns the output Index Pairs in a <i>M</i> -by-2 [x y] one-based format.
	Changed orientation of input feature vectors.	Input feature vectors stored in columns.	Input feature vectors stored in rows.

System Objects	Description of Update	Prior to R2011b	R2011b
vision.AlphaBlender	Converted Location property to take [x y] coordinate location.	Location format in [r;c] zero-based coordinates.	Location format in [x y] one-based coordinates.
vision.BlobAnalysis	Centroid and Bounding Box formats converted to [x y] coordinate	Centroid format in 2-by-M [r1 r2; c1 c2] zero-based coordinates.	Centroid format in <i>M</i> -by-2 of format [x1 y1 x2 y2] one-based coordinates.
	system.	Bounding Box format in 4-by- <i>N</i> zero-based matrix [r;c;height;width].	Bounding Box format in <i>M</i> -by-4 one-based matrix [x y width height].
vision.BoundaryTrace	Converted to accept and output [x y] one- based points.	2-by-N matrix of [r c] zero-based coordinates.	M-by-2 matrix of [x y] one-based coordinates.
vision.CornerDetector	Corner locations converted to [x y] coordinate system.	Corner location in a 2-by-N set of [r c] zero-based coordinates.	Corner locations in an <i>M</i> -by-2 one-based [x y] coordinates.

System Objects	Description of Update	Prior to R2011b	R2011b
vision.GeometricScale	Converted ROI input to [x y] coordinate one-based system.	Shape in [r c height width] zero-based matrix.	Shape in [x y width height] one-based matrix.
vision.GeometricTran	Converted transformation matrix format to support changed ROI [x y] one-based	Transformation matrix formatted only for zero-based [r;c] coordinate system.	Takes one-based, [x y] coordinate format for Transformation matrix.
	coordinate system format.	ROI format in [r;c;height;width] zero-based format.	ROI format in [x y width height] one-based format.
vision.GeometricTran	ComvEsted hator formatting for input points.	Input points: [r1 r2;c1 c2].	Input points: [x1 y1; x2 y2].
	Converted transformation matrix to [x y] one-based coordinate system.	Transformation matrix formatted only for zero-based [r;c] coordinate system.	Transformation matrix format matches Image Processing Toolbox format.
vision.HoughLines Converted format for lines to [x y] one-based coordinate		Output: [r11 r21; c11 c21; r12 r22; c12 c22].	Output: [x11 y11 x12 y12; x21 y21 x22 y22].
	system.		Size of the output in <i>M</i> -by-4 one-based matrix.
vision.LocalMaximaF	Converted format for Maxima locations	2-by- <i>N</i> zero-based [r c] coordinates.	M-by-2 one-based [x y] coordinates.
vision.MarkerInserter	Converted format for locations.	2-by- <i>N</i> zero-based [r c] coordinates.	M-by-2, one-based [x y] coordinates.
vision.Maximum vision.Mean	Converted formats for line and rectangle	Line: [r1 c1 r2 c2 r3 c3].	Line: [x1 y1 x2 y2 x3 y3].
vision.Minimum vision.StandardDevia vision.Variance	ROIs.	Rectangle: [r c height width].	Rectangle: [x y width height].

System Objects	Description of Update	Prior to R2011b	R2011b
vision.ShapeInserter	vision.ShapeInserter Converted format for rectangles, lines, polygons, and circles	Rectangle: [r; c; height; width] zero- based format.	Rectangle: [x y width height] one-based format.
	to [x y] one-based format.	Line: [r1 c1 r2 c2] zero-based format.	Line: [x1 y1 x2 y2] one-based format.
		Polygon: 4-by- <i>M</i> zero-based matrix.	Polygon: <i>M</i> -by-4 one-based matrix.
		Circle: [r c radius] zero-based format.	Circle: [x y radius] one-based format.
	Input image intensity values converted to [x y] one-based format.	N-by- M and N -by- M -by- P [r c] zero-based format.	M-by-N and M-by-N-by-P [x y] one-based format.
vision.TemplateMatch	ch Converted Location and ROI format	Location output: [r; c] zero-based format.	Location output: [x y] one-based format.
	to [x y] one-based coordinate system.	ROI: [r c height width] zero-based format.	ROI processing: [x y width height] one-based format.
vision.TextInserter	Converted location and color orientation.	2-by-N zero-based [r;c] locations.	M-by-2 [x y] one-based locations.
		numColorPlanes- by-N zero-based format.	M-by-numColorPlanes one-based format.

Blocks	Description of Update	Prior to R2011b	R2011b
Apply Geometric Transformation	Converted Transformation matrix format to support changed ROI [x y] one-based	Transformation matrix formatted only for zero-based [r;c] coordinate system.	Takes one-based, [x y] coordinate format for Transformation matrix.
coordinate system format.	ROI format in [r;c;height;width] zero-based format.	ROI format in [x y width height] one-based format.	

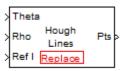
Blocks	Description of Update	Prior to R2011b	R2011b
Blob Analysis	Centroid and Bounding Box formats converted to [x y] coordinate	Centroid format in 2-by- <i>M</i> [r1 r2; c1 c2] zero-based coordinates.	Centroid format in M-by-2 of format [x1 y1 x2 y2] one-based coordinates.
	system.	Bounding Box format in 4-by- <i>N</i> zero-based matrix [r;c;height;width].	Bounding Box format in <i>M</i> -by-4 one-based matrix [x y width height].
Compositing	Converted Location property to takes [x y] coordinate location.	Location format in [r;c] zero-based coordinates.	Location format in [x y] one-based coordinates.
Corner Detection	Corner locations converted to [x y] coordinate system.	Corner location in a 2-by-N set of [r c] zero-based coordinates.	Corner locations in an <i>M</i> -by-2 one-based [x y] coordinates.
Draw Markers	Converted format for locations.	2-by- <i>N</i> zero-based [r c] coordinates.	M-by-2, one-based [x y] coordinates.
Draw Shapes	for rectangles, lines, polygons, and circles		Rectangle: [x y width height] one-based format.
	to [x y] one-based format.	Line: [r1 c1 r2 c2] zero-based format.	Line: [x1 y1 x2 y2] one-based format.
		Polygon: 4-by- <i>M</i> zero-based matrix.	Polygon: <i>M</i> -by-4 one-based matrix.
		Circle: [r c radius] zero-based format	Circle: [x y radius] one-based format.
Estimate Geometric Transformation	Converted formatting for input points.	Input points: [r1 r2;c1 c2].	Input points: [x1 y1; x2 y2].

Blocks	Description of Update	Prior to R2011b	R2011b
	Converted Transformation matrix to [x y] one- based coordinate system.	Transformation: T=[t22 t12 t32; t21 t11 t31; t23 t13 t33].	Transformation matrix format matches Image Processing Toolbox format.
Find Local Maxima	Converted format for Maxima locations	2-by-N zero-based [r c] coordinates.	M-by-2 one-based [x y] coordinates.
Hough Lines	Converted format for lines to [x y] one- based coordinate	Output: [r11 r21; c11 c21; r12 r22; c12 c22].	Output: [x11 y11 x12 y12; x21 y21 x22 y22].
	system.	Size of output in a 4-by-N zero-based matrix.	Size of the output in <i>M</i> -by-4 one-based matrix.
Template Matching Converted Location and ROI format to [x y] one-based coordinate system.		Location output: [r; c] zero-based format.	Location output: [x y] one-based format.
		ROI: [r c height width] zero-based format.	ROI processing: [x y width height] one-based format.
nsert Text	Converted location and color orientation.	2-by-N zero-based [r;c] locations.	M-by-2 [x y] one-based locations.
		numColorPlanes- by-N zero-based format.	M- by-numColorPlanes one-based format.
2-D Maximum2- D Mean2-D	Converted formats for line and rectangle	Line: [r1 c1 r2 c2 r3 c3].	Line: [x1 y1 x2 y2 x3 y3].
Minimum2- D Standard Deviation2-D Variance	ROIs.	Rectangle: [r c height width].	Rectangle: [x y width height].
Resize	Converted ROI input to [x y] coordinate one-based system.	Shape in [r c height width] zero-based matrix.	Shape in [x y width height] one-based matrix.

Blocks	Description of Update	Prior to R2011b	R2011b
	Converted to accept and output [x y] one-based points.	[r c] zero-based	M-by-2 matrix of [x y] one-based coordinates.

Compatibility Considerations

Blocks affected by the [x y] coordinate system should be replaced with blocks of the same name from the Vision library. Old blocks are marked with a red "Replace" badge. The following figure shows a block which was affected by the coordinate system change:



Hough Lines

Adjust your model and data as necessary. All functions and System objects are updated to use the one-based [x y] convention.

By default, all Computer Vision System Toolbox blocks, functions, and System objects are set to operate in the $[x\ y]$ coordinate system. Use the vision.setCoordinateSystem and vision.getCoordinateSystem functions to help migrate your code containing System objects and functions to the $[x\ y]$ coordinate system. Use vision.setCoordinateSystem('RC') call to temporarily set the coordinate system to old conventions.

When you invoke an affected block, object, or function, a one time, per MATLAB session, warning appears.

See the section, Expressing Image Locations for a description of the coordinate systems now used by the Computer Vision System Toolbox product.

New SURF Feature Detection, Extraction, and Matching Functions

This release introduces a new Speeded Up Robust Features (SURF) detector with functions supporting interest feature detection, extraction and matching. The detectSURFFeatures function returns information about SURF features detected in a grayscale image. You can use the SURFPoints object returned by the detectSURFFeatures function to manipulate and plot SURF features.

New Disparity Function for Depth Map Calculation

The new disparity function provides the disparity map between a pair of stereo images. You can use the disparity function to find relative depth of the scene for tasks such as, segmentation, robot navigation, or 3-D scene reconstruction.

Added Support for Additional Video File Formats for Non-Windows Platforms

The From Multimedia File block and the vision. Video File Reader now support many compressed video file formats on Linux and Macintosh OS X platforms.

Variable-Size Support for System Objects

Computer Vision System Toolbox System objects support inputs that change their size at run time.

New Demo to Retrieve Rotation and Scale of an Image Using Automated Feature Matching

This release provides a new demo, Finding the Rotation and Scale of an Image Using Automated Feature Matching. This demo shows you how to use the vision.GeometricTransformEstimator System object and the new detectSURFFeatures function to find the rotation angle and scale factor of a distorted image.

Apply Geometric Transformation Block Replaces Projective Transformation Block

The Projective Transformation block will be removed in a future release. It is recommended that you replace this block with the combination of Apply Geometric Transformation and the Estimate Geometric Transformation blocks to apply projective or affine transform to an image.

Trace Boundaries Block Replaced with Trace Boundary Block

This release provides a replacement block for the Trace Boundaries block. The Trace Boundary block now returns variable size data. See Working with Variable-Size Signals for more information about variable size data.

Note: Unlike the Trace Boundaries block, the new Trace Boundary block only traces a single boundary.

The Trace Boundaries block will be removed in a future release.

Compatibility Considerations

The new Trace Boundary block no longer provides the **Count** output port that the older Trace Boundaries block provided. Instead, the new Trace Boundary block and the corresponding vision. Boundary Tracer System object now return variable size data.

FFT and IFFT Support for Non-Power-of-Two Transform Length with FFTW Library

The 2-D FFT and 2-D IFFT blocks and the vision.IFFT and vision.FFT System objects include the use of the FFTW library. The blocks and objects now support non-power-of-two transform lengths.

vision.BlobAnalysis Count and Fill-Related Properties Removed

The blob analysis System object now supports variable-size outputs. Therefore, the Count output, and the NumBlobsOutputPort, FillEmptySpaces, and FillValues properties related to fixed-size outputs, were removed from the object.

Compatibility Considerations

Remove these properties from your code, and update accordingly. If you require an explicit blob count, call size on one of the object's outputs, such as AREA.

vision.CornerDetector Count Output Removed

The corner detector System object now supports variable-size outputs. Therefore, the **Count** output related to fixed-size outputs, were removed from the object.

Compatibility Considerations

Update your code accordingly. If you require an explicit count, call size on the object METRIC output.

vision.LocalMaximaFinder Count Output and CountDataType Property Removed

The local maxima finder System object now supports variable-size outputs. Therefore, the Count output, and the CountDataType property related to fixed-size outputs, were removed from the object.

Compatibility Considerations

Remove the property from your code, and update accordingly.

vision.GeometricTransformEstimator Default Properties Changed

The following default property values for the vision.GeometricTransformEstimator System object have been changed to provide more reliable outputs.

Property	Default Value	
	From	То
Transform	Projective	Affine
AlgebraicDistanceThreshol	1.5	2.5
PixelDistanceThreshold	1.5	2.5
NumRandomSamplings	100	500
MaximumRandomSamples	200	1000

Compatibility Considerations

The effect of these changes make the object's default-value computations more reliable. If your code relies on the previous default values, you might need to update the affected property values.

Code Generation Support

The vision.IFFT System object now supports code generation. See About MATLAB Coder for more information about code generation.

vision. MarkerInserter and vision. ShapeInserter Properties Not Tunable

The following vision. MarkerInserter and vision. ShapeInserter properties are now nontunable:

- FillColor
- BorderColor

When objects are locked (for instance, after calling the step method), you cannot change any nontunable property values.

Compatibility Considerations

Review any code that changes any Vision.MarkerInserter or Vision.ShapeInserter property value after calling the step method. You should update the code to use property values that do not change.

Custom System Objects

You can now create custom System objects in MATLAB. This capability allows you to define your own System objects for time-based and data-driven algorithms, I/O, and visualizations. The System object API provides a set of implementation and service methods that you incorporate into your code to implement your algorithm. See Define New System Objects in the DSP System Toolbox documentation for more information.

System Object DataType and CustomDataType Properties Changes

When you set a System object, fixed-point <xxx>DataType property to 'Custom', it activates a dependent Custom<xxx>DataType property. If you set that dependent Custom<xxx>DataType property before setting its <xxx>DataType property, a warning message displays. <xxx> differs for each object.

Compatibility Considerations

Previously, setting the dependent Custom<xxx>DataType property would automatically change its <xxx>DataType property to 'Custom'. If you have code that sets the dependent property first, avoid warnings by updating your code. Set the <xxx>DataType property to 'Custom' before setting its Custom<xxx>DataType property.

Note: If you have a Custom<xxx>DataType in your code, but do not explicitly update your code to change <xxx>DataType to 'Custom', you may see different numerical output.

R2011a

Version: 4.0

New Features

Bug Fixes

Compatibility Considerations

Product Restructuring

The Video and Image Processing Blockset has been renamed to Computer Vision System Toolbox. This product restructuring reflects the broad expansion of computer vision capabilities for the MATLAB and Simulink environments. The Computer Vision System Toolbox software requires the Image Processing Toolbox and DSP System Toolbox software.

You can access archived documentation for the Video and Image Processing BlocksetTM products on the MathWorks website.

System Object Name Changes

Package Name Change

The System object package name has changed from video to vision. For example, video.BlobAnalysis is now vision.BlobAnalysis.

Object Name Changes

The 2D System object names have changed. They no longer have 2D in the name and now use the new package name.

Old Name	New Name
video.Autocorrelator2D	vision.Autocorrelator
video.Convolver2D	vision.Convolver
video.Crosscorrelator2D	vision.Crosscorrelator
video.DCT2D	vision.DCT
video.FFT2D	vision.FFT
video.Histogram2D	vision.Histogram
video.IDCT2D	vision.IDCT
video.IFFT2D	vision.IFFT
video.MedianFilter2D	vision.MedianFilter

New Computer Vision Functions

Extract Features

The extractFeatures function extracts feature vectors, also known as descriptors, from an image.

Feature Matching

The matchFeatures function takes a pair of feature vectors, as returned by the extractFeatures function, and finds the features which are most likely to correspond.

Uncalibrated Stereo Rectification

The estimateUncalibratedRectification function returns projective transformations for rectifying stereo images.

Determine if Image Contains Epipole

The isEpipoleInImage function determines whether an image contains an epipole. This function supports the estimateUncalibratedRectification function.

Epipolar Lines for Stereo Images

The epipolarLine computes epipolar lines for stereo images.

Line-to-Border Intersection Points

The lineToBorderPoints function calculates the location of the point of intersection of line in an image with the image border. This function supports the epipolarLine function.

New Foreground Detector System Object

The vision. Foreground Detector object computes a foreground mask using Gaussian mixture models (GMM).

New Tracking Cars Using Gaussian Mixture Models Demo

The new Tracking Cars Using Gaussian Mixture Models demo illustrates the use of Gaussian mixture models for detection and tracking of cars. The algorithm detects and tracks the cars in a video by separating them from their background.

Expanded To Video Display Block with Additional Video Formats

The To Video Display block now supports 4:2:2 YCbCr video input format.

New Printing Capability for the mplay Function and Video Viewer Block

You can now print the display information from the GUI interface of the mplay function and the Video Viewer block.

Improved Display Updates for mplay Function, Video Viewer Block and vision. Video Player System Object

R2011a introduces the capability to improve the performance of mplay, the Video Viewer block and the vision. Video Player System object by reducing the frequency with which the display updates. You can now choose between this new enhanced performance mode and the old behavior. By default, all scopes operate in the new enhanced performance mode.

Improved Performance of FFT Implementation with FFTW library

The 2-D FFT, 2-D IFFT blocks include the use of the FFTW library.

Variable Size Data Support

The Resize block now supports variable size data. See Working with Variable-Size Signals for more information about variable size data.

System Object Input and Property Warnings Changed to Errors

When a System object is locked (e.g., after the step method has been called), the following situations now produce an error. This change prevents the loss of state information.

- Changing the input data type
- Changing the number of input dimensions
- Changing the input complexity from real to complex
- Changing the data type, dimension, or complexity of tunable property
- Changing the value of a nontunable property

Compatibility Considerations

Previously, the object issued a warning for these situations. The object then unlocked, reset its state information, relocked, and continued processing. To update existing code so that it does not error, use the release method before changing any of the items listed above.

System Object Code Generation Support

The following System objects now support code generation:

- vision.GeometricScaler
- · vision.ForegroundDetector

MATLAB Compiler Support for System Objects

The Computer Vision System Toolbox supports the MATLAB Compiler for all objects except vision. VideoPlayer. With this capability, you can use the MATLAB Compiler to take MATLAB files, which can include System objects, as input and generate standalone applications.

R2010a MAT Files with System Objects Load Incorrectly

If you saved a System object to a MAT file in R2010a and load that file in R2011a, MATLAB may display a warning that the constructor must preserve the class of the returned object. This occurs because an aspect of the class definition changed for that object in R2011a. The object's saved property settings may not restore correctly.

Compatibility Considerations

MAT files containing a System object saved in R2010a may not load correctly in R2011a. You should recreate the object with the desired property values and save the MAT file.

Documentation Examples Renamed

In previous releases, the examples used throughout the Video and Image Processing Blockset™ documentation were named with a doc_prefix. In R2011a, this changed to a ex_prefix. For example, in R2010b, you could launch an example model using the Video

Viewer block by typing doc_thresholding at the MATLAB command line. To launch the same model in R2011a, you must type ex_thresholding at the command line.

Compatibility Considerations

You can no longer launch Video and Image Processing Blockset ^TM documentation example models using the doc_prefix name. To open these models in R2011a, you must replace the doc_prefix in the model name with ex_p .

R2010b

Version: 3.1

New Features

Bug Fixes

Compatibility Considerations

New Estimate Fundamental Matrix Function for Describing Epipolar Geometry

New Estimate Fundamental Matrix function for describing epipolar geometry. Epipolar geometry applies to the geometry of stereo vision, where you can calculate depth information based on corresponding points in stereo image pairs. The function supports the generation of embeddable C code.

New Histogram System Object Replaces Histogram2D Object

The new video. Histogram System object replaces the video. Histogram 2D System object. The name change was made to align this object with its corresponding block.

Compatibility Considerations

The video.Histogram2D System object now issues a warning. Update code that uses the 2D-Histogram object to use the new Histogram object.

New System Object release Method Replaces close Method

The close method has been replaced by the new release method, which unlocks the object and releases memory and other resources, including files, used by the object. The new release method includes the functionality of the old close method, which only closed files used by the object.

Compatability Considerations

The close method now issues a warning. Update code that uses the close method to use the new release method.

Expanded Embedded MATLAB Support

Embedded MATLAB® now supports the generation of embeddable C code for two Image Processing Toolbox functions and additional Video and Image Processing Blockset System objects. The generated C code meets the strict memory and data type requirements of embedded target environments. Video and Image Processing Blockset provides Embedded MATLAB support for these Image Processing Toolbox functions. See Code Generation for details, including limitations.

Supported Image Processing Toolbox Functions

label2rgb fspecial

Supported System objects

Video and Image Processing Blockset objects now support code generation:

video.CornerDetector

video.GeometricShearer

video.Histogram

video.MorpologicalBottomHat

video.MorpologicalTopHat

video.MultimediaFileReader

video.MultimediaFileWriter

Data Type Assistant and Ability to Specify Design Minimums and Maximums Added to More Fixed-Point Blocks

The following blocks now offer a **Data Type Assistant** to help you specify fixed-point data types on the block mask. Additionally, you can now enable simulation range checking for certain data types on these blocks. To do so, specify appropriate minimum and maximum values on the block dialog box. The blocks that support these features are:

- 2-D DCT
- 2-D FFT
- 2-D IDCT
- · 2-D IFFT
- 2-D FIR Filter

For more information on these features, see the following sections in the Simulink documentation:

- Using the Data Type Assistant
- Signal Ranges

Data Types Pane Replaces the Data Type Attributes and Fixed-Point Panes on Fixed-Point Blocks

In previous releases, some fixed-point blocks had a **Data type attributes** pane, and others had a **Fixed-point** pane. The functionality of these panes remains the same, but the pane now appears as the **Data Types** pane on all fixed-point Computer Vision System Toolbox blocks.

Enhanced Fixed-Point and Integer Data Type Support with System Objects

For nonfloating point input, System objects now output the data type you specify. Previously, the output was always a fixed-point, numeric fi object.

Compatability Considerations

Update any code that takes nonfloating point input, where you expect the object to output a fi object.

Variable Size Data Support

Several Video and Image Processing Blockset blocks now support changes in signal size during simulation. The following blocks support variable size data as of this release:

PSNR 2-D Correlation

Median Filter 2-D Convolution

Block Processing 2-D Autocorrelation

Image Complement Deinterlacing

Gamma Correction

See Working with Variable-Size Signals for more information about variable size data.

Limitations Removed from Video and Image Processing Blockset Multimedia Blocks and Objects

Support for reading interleaved AVI data and reading AVI files larger than 2GB on UNIX platforms. Previously, this was only possible on Windows platforms. The following blocks and System objects have the limitation removed:

From Multimedia File block video.Multimedia File Reader System object

Support for writing AVI files larger than 2GB on UNIX platforms, which was previously only possible on Windows platforms. The following blocks and System objects have the limitation removed:

To Multimedia File block video.Multimedia File Writer System object

R2010a

Version: 3.0

New Features

Bug Fixes

New System Objects Provide Video and Image Processing Algorithms for use in MATLAB

System Objects are algorithms that provide stream processing, fixed-point modeling, and code generation capabilities for use in MATLAB programs. These new objects allow you to use video and image processing algorithms in MATLAB, providing the same parameters, numerics and performance as corresponding Video and Image Processing Blockset blocks. System objects can also be used in Simulink models via the Embedded MATLAB Function block.

Intel Integrated Performance Primitives Library Support Added to 2-D Correlation, 2-D Convolution, and 2-D FIR Filter Blocks

The 2-D Correlation, 2-D Convolution, and 2-D FIR Filter blocks are now taking advantage of SSE Intel instruction set and multi-core processor capabilities for double and single data types.

Variable Size Data Support

Several Video and Image Processing Blockset blocks now support changes in signal size during simulation. The following blocks support variable size data as of this release:

2-D FFT Hough Transform

2-D FIR Filter Image Data Type Conversion

Apply Geometric Transformation Image Pad Autothreshold Insert Text

Bottom-hat Label

Chroma Resampling 2-D Maximum
Closing 2-D Mean

Color Space Conversion

Compositing 2-D Minimum

Contrast Adjustment Opening
Dilation Rotate

Edge Detection 2-D Standard Deviation
Erosion Template Matching

Estimate Geometric Transformation To Video Display

Find Local Maxima Top-hat

Frame Rate Display 2-D Variance Gaussian Pyramid Video Viewer

See Working with Variable-Size Signals for more information about variable size data.

Expanded From and To Multimedia File Blocks with Additional Video Formats

The To Multimedia File and From Multimedia File blocks now support 4:2:2 YCbCr video formats.

The To Multimedia File block now supports WMV, WMA, and WAV file formats on Windows platforms. This block now supports broadcasting WMV and WMA streams over the network.

New Simulink Demos

The Video and Image Processing Blockset contain new and enhanced demos.

New Modeling a Video Processing System for an FPGA Target Demo

This demo uses the Video and Image Processing Blockset in conjunction with Simulink HDL CoderTM to show a design workflow for generating Hardware Design Language (HDL) code suitable for targeting video processing application on an FPGA. The demo reviews how to design a system that can operate on hardware.

New System Object Demos

New Image Rectification Demo

This demo shows how to rectify two uncalibrated images where the camera intrinsics are unknown. Rectification is a useful procedure in many computer vision applications. For example, in stereo vision, it can be used to reduce a 2-D matching problem to a 1-D search. This demo is a prerequisite for the Stereo Vision demo.

New Stereo Vision Demo

This demo computes the depth map between two rectified stereo images using block matching, which is the standard algorithm for high-speed stereo vision in hardware systems. It further explores dynamic programming to improve accuracy, and image pyramiding to improve speed.

New Video Stabilization Using Point Feature Matching

This demo uses a point feature matching approach for video stabilization, which does not require knowledge of a feature or region of the image to track. The demo automatically searches for the background plane in a video sequence, and uses its observed distortion to correct for camera motion. This demo presents a more advanced algorithm in comparison to the existing Video Stabilization demo in Simulink.

SAD Block Obsoleted

The new Template Matching block introduced in the previous release, supports Sum of Absolute Differences (SAD) algorithm. Consequently, the SAD Block has been obsoleted.